WHO ELSE CAN HELP



Friends and Family Members, teachers, school guidance counsellors



Kids Helpline 1800 551 80 (24 Hours)



Parentline 1300 301 300



TAIHS (Townsville Aboriginal and Islander Health Service)

4759 4000



The Women's Centre





Lifeline Service (24 Hr Counselling) 13 11 14



Uniting Care 4775 9100



Centacare



4772 9000





Relationships Australia 1300 364 277

WEBSITES

Kid's Hepline www.kidshelpline.com.au

Reachout

www.reachout.com

DVConnect

www.dvconnect.org

1800 Respect www.1800respect.org.au



RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The program involves a shared commitment between the child, the safe caregiver and AARDVARC workers. During our time together, we strive to maintain a non-violent environment. As we all have the right to feel safe, we work together to maintain our safe and supportive space.

CONFIDENTIALITY

We aim to establish a trusting confidential relationship. Whilst confidentiality and trust are essential in any relationship, the safety of the child/ren is seen as paramount. Where a worker becomes aware of abuse, or potential risk of abuse, they are required by law to report this to the relevant authorities. However, if this is the case, workers and safe caregiver will work together to consider ways and / or strategies in which to maintain the safety of the child.

For inquiries please contact the AARDVARC team.



263 Ingham Road Garbutt QLD 4814 Phone: 07 4721 2888 Email: admin@dvng.org.au

WWW.DVNQ.ORG.AU





AARDVARC CHILDREN'S PROGRAM

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND RECOGNITION OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND REAL CHANGE

Children and young people living free from domestic violence





ABOUT

The AARDVARC Program is specifically for children and young people aged 4 to 18 years, and their safe caregiver who have experienced domestic or family violence.

AARDVARC offers the child and their safe caregiver:

- Acknowledgement of their experience of violence
- An opportunity to talk and make sense of this experience, within a safe and supportive environment
- Information, ideas and referrals

Short term individual programs provide further opportunity to explore the experience of violence for the child/young person and their safe caregiver.

Individual programs:

- Seek to explore the effects of violence on the child/young person and their safe caregiver
- Respect the role of the safe caregiver
- Seek to strengthen the relationship between child/ren and their safe caregiver
- Assist families to develop strategies in dealing with their experience of violence
- Provide specific support and information to families
- Programs are flexible.

A variety of activities to connect with and communicate with children are utilised in the AARDVARC program.

These activities aim to promote:

- Healthy relationships education and development
- Self esteem
- Handling conflict, anger and stress safely
- Communication skills
- Identification and exploration of feelings
- Protective behaviours and safety plans

INDIVIDUAL PROGRAMS

for children/young people and their safe caregiver for 1 hour per week for approximately 6 weeks

INFORMATION SESSIONS

Information sessions for safe caregivers

GROUP SESSIONS

Strengths-based group sessions for families

HOW YOU CAN HELP

- Spend quality time with children
- Encourage healthy relationships and boundaries
- Set respectful limits
- Support children to overcome their fears
- Let other people know
- Condemn the behaviour, not the person
- Link your actions to his behaviour

What your child/ren may need to hear from you:

- Violence is not OK and it is OK to talk about it
- It is not your fault
- It must be scary for you and I will listen to you
- You can tell me how you feel.
- I am sorry you had to see / hear it
- There is nothing you could have done to prevent / change it

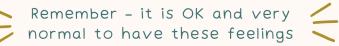
DOMESTIC AND FAMILY VIOLENCE DOES AFFECT CHILDREN

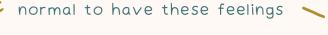
Children are affected by living with violence. Every child's experience is unique. Listed below are some of the ways that children may act, feel or be thinking as a result of their experience.

What children and young people may feel:

- Scared
- Powerless
- Confused
- Helpless
- Angry
- Guilty about loving the abusive parent
- · Guilty about not protecting the abused parent

- Worried about the future
- Worried about the possible loss of the parent
- Insecure
- Hopeless
- Split down the middle
- Numb





What children and young people may think:

- Violence is an appropriate way to solve problems
- The violence is the non-violent caregiver's fault
- The violence is my fault
- Domestic violence is a secret
- Men have the right to control women

How children and young people may act:

- Aggressive to other children, brothers, sisters, pets
- Treat the caregiver like the partner treats them
- Regression (return to behaviours from their younger years). E.g. bedwetting, whining, tantrums, specific fears
- Problems concentrating / foraetful

- Easily distracted or startled
- Fighting at school or problems with school work
- Lying, stealing
- Withdrawn, unusual shvness
- Trouble sleeping, nightmares
- Physical illness (stomach aches, headaches)
- Unable to play

