

## Why Start a 401(k) Plan For Your Company?



A 401(k) Plan may be an important factor when hiring, or retaining, your employees.

A 2019 study showed that over 60% of employees in the US had access to a 401(k)and/or Profit Sharing Plan through their employer. With over 80 million employees covered under these plans, for most it has become their primary source of retirement savings.

## A Qualified Retirement Plan may be an excellent way to save on corporate taxes.

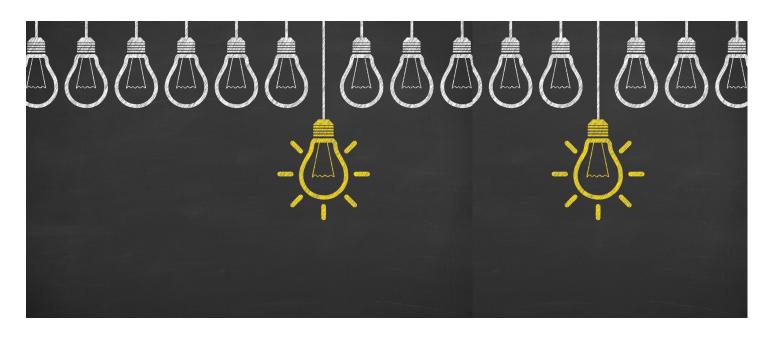
Employer Contributions to a retirement plan are tax deductible to the Plan Sponsor, and may provide an excellent way to accumulate pre-tax savings for business owners, over and above 401(k) limitations, bridging the savings gap that many business owners face.





The IRS provides a Tax credit to small businesses when starting a retirement Plan.

If you have not had a retirement plan in place in the prior 3 years, the IRS may provide you a tax credit up to 50% of your expenses for establishing and maintaining a plan for the next 3 years (certain limitations do apply).



## WHY CONTRIBUTE TO A 401(K) PLAN INSTEAD OF AN IRA OR SAVINGS ACCOUNT?

The maximum IRA contributions for 2023 are \$6,500 annually (\$7,500 for employees over the age of 50) while the maximum 401(k) contribution is \$22,500 (\$30,000 for those age 50 or older). In addition, a participant will *NOT* pay Federal or State Income Taxes on any pretax salary deferral contributions, the firm contributions or the investment earnings generated by those contributions until funds are withdrawn. This results in reduced taxable income by the amount contributed from a participant's paycheck into the plan

## **EXAMPLE:**

	PLAN	NO PLAN
Annual Pay	\$20,000	\$20,000
401(k) Plan Pre-tax Savings	1,500	-0-
Taxable Income	\$18,500	\$20,000
Federal Income Tax	2,776	3,001
Social Security Tax	1,530	1,530
CT State Income Tax	833	900
After-tax Savings (Not in Plan)	-0-	1,500
Take Home Pay	\$13,361	\$13,069

**NET RESULTS OF PLAN PARTICIPATION:** 

Saved \$292 in taxes