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SYNCHRONIZED RF & HIFEM: ACTIVATION OF MYOSATELLITE CELLS

ACTIVATION OF SKELETAL MUSCLE SATELLITE CELLS BY A DEVICE SIMULTANEOUSLY APPLYING HIFEM TECHNOLOGY AND NOVEL RF TECHNOLOGY: FLUORESCENT MICROSCOPY FACILITATED DETECTION OF NCAM/CD56

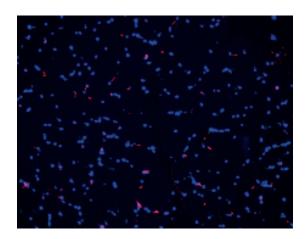
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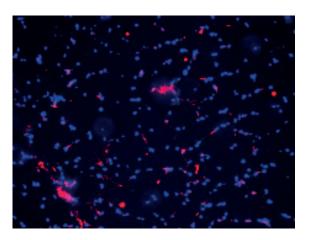
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HIGHLIGHTS

- The study was primarily focused on Satellite cells (muscle stem cells) that differentiate to form new muscle fibers or new myonuclei supporting growth of existing fibers.
- The levels of satellite cells increased by 30.2% at 2 weeks FU.
- Histology images showed hypertrophic fibers and newly formed myofibers.
- The muscle temperature was between 40 41°C during the whole procedure.
- The observed **results** are equivalent to **12-16 weeks of intense** exercise programs.





Immunofluorescence images captured at baseline (left) and 2 weeks post-treatment (right) showing an increase in the satellite cell levels. The satellite cells are stained by red color. Blue color represents the myonucleus.

STUDY DESIGN

- 5 Large White pigs (approximately 6 months old).
- All animals received **three 30-minute** treatments applied to **half** of the abdomen (1 tx per week).
- The opposite site of the abdomen was used as a control area.
- A total of **275 histological** slices were processed.

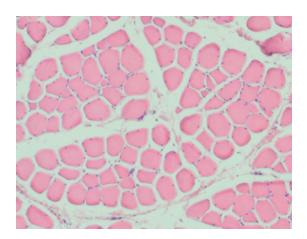


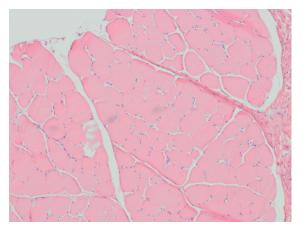


1 biopsy specimen (\$\phi6mm\$) was collected from the treatment site and 1 from control site at baseline, 4 days, 2 weeks and 1 month after the last treatment

RESULTS

- Increased levels of satellite cells suggested formation of new muscle fibres and corresponded to the hypertrophic changes.
- Procedure based on stimulating and heating muscle tissue was effective and did not cause any muscle damage.





Tissue images collected 1 month after treatments (right) showing pronounced thickening of muscle fibers and increased density of muscle tissue when compared to baseline (left).